

BUSINESS STUDIES

7115/11 October/November 2019

Paper 1 Short Answer/Structured Response MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 80

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate

marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do

marks are not deducted for errors

marks are not deducted for omissions

answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
1(a)	What is meant by 'income statement'? Clear understanding [2]: A financial document that records the revenue, costs and profit for a given period of time. Some understanding [1]: Shows revenue and costs / shows profit	2	Do not award 'shows income' on own as this is repetition. For 2 marks must have time element as well.
1(b)	Identify the effect of an increase in the cost of materials on each of the following:	2	
	Cost of sales: increase costs		
	Gross profit: decrease gross profit		
	Award 1 mark per effect identified.		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
1(c)	Identify and explain two ways in which BFF's managers could use information contained in the income statement.	4	Application marks may be awarded for appropriate use of the following:
	Knowledge $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award 1 mark for each way.		screens increase in material costs
	Application $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award 1 mark for each explanation in context.		computers imports increased
	Points might include:		need to remain competitive
	Able to calculate the profitability ratios [k] to see the effect of the increase in material costs [app]		technology increase prices manufacturers
	Helps assess efficiency [k] to see benefit from advances in technology [app]		
	Able to compare performance with similar businesses [k]		
	Able to compare performance between different time periods [k]		
	Show shareholders / owners how business performed [k]		
	It is used to measure business success / decide if the business should continue trading [k]		
	Used to support an application for a loan [k]		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
1(d)	Identify and explain two ways changes in technology used in production could help BFF to remain competitive.	6	Application marks may be awarded for appropriate use of the following:
	Knowledge [2 \cdot 1] – award 1 mark for each relevant way.		screens increase in material costs
	Application $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award 1 mark if relevant reference made to this business.		computers imports increased increase prices
	Analysis $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award 1 mark for each relevant explanation.		manufacturers
	Points might include: Machines replace labour [k] helping improve its income statement [app] so less wages need to be paid [an]		
	Wider range of products [k] such as screens [app] to appeal to more customers or markets [an]		
	Able to produce more / improved productivity / more efficient [k] so able to lower prices [an] and compete with imports [app]		Accept Machines work 24/7 as either [k] or [an] of why output rises.
	Technology improves flexibility [k] so the business can react to changes in demand [an] for computers [app]		
	Reduces waste / less errors / consistent quality [k]		

Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
1(e)	Do you think BFF should increase its prices? Justify your answer.	6	Application marks may be awarded for appropriate use of the following:
	 Knowledge [1] – award 1 mark for identification of relevant point(s) Application [1] – award 1 mark for a relevant reference made to this business Analysis [2] – award up to 2 marks for relevant development of point(s) Evaluation [2] – justified decision made as to whether BFF should increase its prices. Points might include: Could increase revenue [k] so more money available to cover costs [an] such as increase in material costs [app] Could lead to fewer customers [k] as higher price could encourage customers to switch to competitors [an] so difficult 		the following: screens advances in technology increase in material costs computers imports increased need to remain competitive manufacturers
	to remain competitive [app] They need to increase prices to cover cost [k] because of the increase in material costs [app] Gives an impression of quality [k] Keeping prices low may increase market share [k] because it is a competitive market [app] as lower price attracts customers [an]		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Notes		
2(a)	Identify two stages of the business cycle.	2			
	Award 1 mark for each stage identified.				
	Stages: Growth, boom, recession, slump.				
2(b)	What is meant by 'redundancy'?	2	For 2 marks must clearly understand idea that it is the		
	Clear understanding [2]: e.g. job position has gone and so the employee is no longer required		role that no longer exists Do not award reasons why the job may no longer exist		
	Termination of employment because the job is no longer needed				
	Some understanding [1] e.g. loses job (through no fault of their own) [1] or job role has gone [1]				

Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
2(c)	Identify and explain two ways a trade union could help WKN's employees.	4	Application marks may be awarded for appropriate use of the following:
	Knowledge [2 \cdot 1] – award 1 mark for each way identified		retailer household goods OR plates OR brushes
	Application $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award 1 mark for each explanation in context		challenging stage of business cycle marketing department OR head office
	Points might include:		1800 OR redundancy
	Negotiate or help improve pay [k] for shop employees [app]		200 OR shops profit fell 80% OR \$5m
	Improved working conditions or health and safety [k] in head office [app]		100 new jobs
	Gives strength in numbers/collective bargaining so more likely to achieve demands [k] when dealing with head office [app]		
	Take action (strikes/protests) [k] to prevent redundancy [app]		
	Provides services such as insurance / training / social activities / discounts [k]		
	Resolve conflict between employer and employees [k]		
	Advice / legal support [k]		

Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
2(d)	Identify and explain two advantages to WKN of maintaining customer loyalty.	6	Application marks may be awarded for appropriate use of the following:
	 Knowledge [2 · 1] –award 1 mark for each relevant advantage Application [2 · 1] – award 1 mark for each relevant reference made to this business Analysis [2 · 1] – award 1 mark for each relevant explanation Relevant points might include: Increase sales [k] of its household goods [app] Easier to match products to existing customer needs [k] so know what to stock in its shops [app] reducing wastage [an] 		retailer sells household goods OR plates OR brushes challenging stage of business cycle marketing department OR head office 1800 OR redundancy 200 OR shops profit fell 80% OR \$5m 100 new jobs trade union
	 Maintain competitiveness [k] Current customers recommend products [k] so less promotion needed [an] Cheaper than trying to attract new customers [k] Reputation / brand image improves [k] May be able to increase prices and keep customers [k] Provides a sense of security for owners [k] 		Do not award ways to increase customer loyalty

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Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
2(e)	Do you think WKN should select all the workers for the new jobs from those about to be made redundant? Justify your answer. Knowledge [1] – award 1 mark for identification of relevant point (s) Application [1] – award 1 mark if relevant reference made to this business Analysis [2] – award up to 2 marks for relevant development of point(s)	6	Application marks may be awarded for appropriate use of the following: retailer household goods OR plates OR brushes challenging stage of business cycle marketing department OR head office 1800 200 OR shops profit fell 80% OR \$5m 100 new jobs
	Evaluation [2] – justified decision made as to whether WKN should select the workers for the new jobs from those facing redundancy Points might include: Do not need to advertise jobs externally [k] so lower (recruitment) costs [an]		trade union customer loyalty
	 Know abilities and skills of employees [k] Existing employees have good knowledge of customer requirements [k] as have experience of working in its shops [app] Workers might not have skills [k] which could lead to poor work [an] reducing customer loyalty [app] May not want or be able to move locations [k] to head office [app] so few employees will want to apply [an] Recruitment of new workers will bring fresh ideas [k] 		The analysis must relate to the impact upon the business rather than the employee Do not award answers which discuss how the candidates are selected for redundancy

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Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
3(a)	What is meant by 'fixed costs'?	2	Do not award examples as this does not explain the term.
	Clear understanding [2] e.g. costs that do not change [1] as the level of activity / output / sales changes [1]		
	Costs which have to be paid whether the business produces any products or not		
	Some understanding [1]: e.g. costs that stay the same		
3(b)	Calculate the forecast revenue per week for the new café.	2	\$ sign not needed to award full marks
	Good application [2]: \$1300		
	Some application [1]: 325 · 4 OR number of customers · average spend (price)		

Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
3(c)	Identify and explain two advantages to Keila's business of using free samples as a method of promotion.	4	Application marks may be awarded for appropriate use of the following:
	Knowledge [2 · 1] – award 1 mark for each advantage identified		successful bakery small shop
	Application $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award 1 mark for each explanation in context		cakes / drinks OR related words e.g. taste popular tourist location
	Points might include:		correct use of numbers and information from Table
	Increases awareness of her products [k] with tourists [app]		1 e.g. 325 \$1300
	Encourages customers to try her products [k] and visit the café [app]		café (primary market) research
	Tempt customer to buy more [k] helping her remain successful [app]		
	Way to get feedback [k] so she improves her cakes [app]		
	Can test out new product ideas [k] identified from research [app]		
	Customers understand the quality of the product [k]		

Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
3(d)	Identify and explain one advantage and one disadvantage to Keila's business of using primary market research.	6	Application marks may be awarded for appropriate use of the following:
	Knowledge [2 · 1] – award 1 mark for a relevant advantage / disadvantage		cakes / drinks OR related words e.g. taste small shop
	Application $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award 1 mark for each relevant reference made to this business		successful bakery popular tourist location correct use of numbers and information from Table
	Analysis $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award 1 mark for each relevant explanation		1 e.g. 325 \$1300
	Relevant points might include:		free samples café
	Advantages:		expansion
	Up-to-date [k] so able to make more accurate decisions [an] such as whether to open the café [app]		
	Specific to her purpose [k]		
	Information is not available to other competitors [k] so may provide a competitive advantage [an] for this small shop [app]		
	Disadvantages:		
	High cost [k] to find out views on her bakery [app] which will increase her expenses [an]		
	Takes long time to collect [k]		
	Can be bias in questions or how questions are asked [k] leading her to make the wrong decisions [an]		

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Question	Answer	Marks	Notes	
3(e)	Do you think Keila should open the new café? Justify your answer using the information in Table 1.	6	Application marks may be awarded for appropriate use of the following:	
	Knowledge [1] – award 1 mark for identification of relevant point(s) Application [1] – award 1 mark for a relevant reference made to this business Analysis [2] – award up to 2 marks for relevant development of point(s) Evaluation [2] – justified decision made as to whether Keila should open the new café Points might include: She expects to attract enough customers to cover her fixed costs [k] as she predicts 325 [app] TR – TC [k] \$1300 [app] – \$1150 [an] leaving a profit of £150 [an] TVC = VC x Output [k] \$2 · 325 [app] = \$650 [an + an] TC = TFC + TVC [k] \$500 + \$650 [app + an] = \$1150 [an + an] Has relevant business experience [k] as runs a successful bakery [app] Spreads risk [k] Cost of shop and labour to run the café [k] How reliable is the data gathered [k] from her primary research [app]		successful bakery small shop cakes / drinks popular tourist location free samples primary market research correct use of numbers and information from table 1 e.g. 325 \$1300 Application and analysis can be awarded for calculation of: total variable costs \$650 [app + an] total costs \$1150 [app + an + an] gross profit \$650 [app + an + an] profit \$150 [app + an + an] break-even output 250 [app + an + an] 75 more customers [app + an + an]	
	Does she have time / finance to run both businesses [k]			

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Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
4(a)	What is meant by 'span of control'?	2	
	Clear understanding [2]: Number of subordinates working directly under an individual OR manager		
	Number of subordinates reporting to each supervisor / manager		
	Some understanding [1]: E.g. number of subordinates working under an individual OR manager		
	Who you are responsible for		
4(b)	What is meant by 'uses specialisation'?	2	
	Clear understanding [2]: E.g. way in which work is divided so each worker concentrates on a specific task so become expert at it		
	When people or business concentrate on what they are best at		
	Some understanding [1]: E.g. workers only do one job		

Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
4(c)	Identify and explain two possible reasons why VXH has grown quickly.	4	Application marks may be awarded for appropriate use of the following:
	Knowledge [2 \cdot 1] – award 1 mark for each reason identified		fruit or related words e.g. flavours soft drinks
	Application $[2 \cdot 1]$ – award 1 mark for each explanation in context		batch production specialisation
	Points might include:		factory
	Closure / takeover of competitor [k] so fewer businesses making soft drinks [app]		40 OR 80 (workers)/motivation problems job rotation or financial bonus
	Changes in customer tastes / fashion [k]		2 years Span of control (increased)
	Spotted a new opportunity in the market [k]		
	Change in legal controls / rules [k]		
	Introduction of new technology [k] so able to take advantage of specialisation [app]		
	Increase in productivity [k]		

Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
4(d)	Identify and explain two possible reasons why VXH uses batch production.	6	Application marks may be awarded for appropriate use of the following:
	 Knowledge [2 · 1] – award 1 mark for each relevant reason Application [2 · 1] – award 1 mark for each relevant reference made to this business Analysis [2 · 1] – award 1 mark for each relevant explanation Relevant points might include: Allows variety of products to be made [k] Flexible [k] as able to change product easily to meet changes in customer demand [an] for different flavours [app] Provides some variety of jobs to workers [k] helping improve employee motivation [app] so fewer employees might leave [an] Allows use of specialist skills [k] so able to take advantage of specialisation [app] to increase output [an] Level of demand does not justify the use of flow production [k] Since larger numbers are made [k] lower unit costs [an] Production not affected if machinery breaks down [k] 		fruit or related words e.g. flavours soft drinks specialisation factory 40 OR 80 (workers) / motivation problems job rotation or financial bonus 2 years Span of control (increased)

Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
4(e)	Do you think VXH should use job rotation or financial bonuses to increase employee motivation? Justify your answer.	6	Application marks may be awarded for appropriate use of the following:
	Knowledge [1] – award 1 mark for identification of relevant point(s) Application [1] – award 1 mark for a relevant reference made to this business Analysis [2] – award up to 2 marks for relevant development of point(s) Evaluation [2] – justified decision made as to whether VXH should use job rotation or financial bonuses to increase employee motivation Points might include: Job rotation: Prevents workers becoming bored doing the same task repeatedly [k] which could increase output [an] Need to provide training [k] to the 80 employees [app] which increases cost [an] Helps improve flexibility [k] as workers can switch if someone is absent [an] Workers may not be good at the new task [k] so productivity decreases [an]		fruit or related words e.g. flavours soft drinks batch production specialisation factory 40 OR 80 (workers) motivation problems 2 years Span of control (increased)

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Question	Answer	Marks	Notes
4(e)	Financial Bonus:		
	Increases costs to the business [k]		
	Some employees may not be motivated by money [k]		
	Can lead to conflict / demotivation if some workers don't get this [k]		